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Lactate Dehydrogenase (LDH) Cytotoxicity Assay Kit Manual

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MaxDiscovery™ Lactate Dehydrogenase (LDH) Cytotoxicity Assay Kit is intended for laboratory use only, unless otherwise indicated. This product is NOT for clinical diagnostic use. MaxDiscovery is a Trademark of Bioo Scientific Corporation (BIOO).



GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description

Lactate Dehydrogenase (LDH) is a ubiquitously-expressed intracellular enzyme which catalyzes the reversible oxidation of lactate to pyruvate. Since LDH is predominantly in the cytosol, the enzyme is released into the supernatant upon cell damage or lysis. Therefore, this enzyme can be used to detect cytotoxicity and cell number in *in vitro* cell culture systems. Therefore, monitoring levels of LDH enzyme has become a routine and fundamental means of investigating the cytotoxicity effects of experimental drug formulations and cell transfection.

The *MaxDiscovery™ Lactate Dehydrogenase (LDH) Cytotoxicity Assay Kit* is a colorimetric plate-based assay to directly determine the amount of Lactate Dehydrogenase enzyme in cultured cell supernatant samples. This kit enables biomedical researchers to determine accurate LDH levels in cultured cell supernatants from a broad range of cell lines. The assay utilizes a simple, proven colorimetric (UV) enzymatic assay to specifically detect LDH.

The kit is designed to be used with a microplate reader. It contains an assay standard to construct a linear calibration curve and verify assay performance, and it contains sufficient materials to test 84 samples in duplicate.

The unique features of the kit are:

- High sensitivity and low detection limit
- High compatibility across a broad range of cell lines
- A robust enzyme-based assay which does not require expensive instrumentation
- High reproducibility
- A flexible, versatile assay format that can be modified to meet user needs
- Specially formulated BIOO Booster reagent which significantly improves assay signal

Procedure Overview

The *MaxDiscovery™ Lactate Dehydrogenase (LDH) Cytotoxicity Assay Kit* measures the concentration of LDH using a direct, plate-based, colorimetric reaction. When cell culture supernatant is added to the reaction mix, the LDH in the sample converts the lactate and NAD⁺ in the mix to pyruvate and NADH. The concentration of LDH in each sample is then directly determined from the increase in absorbance at 340 nm over a 30 minute assay length. Dilutions of the LDH Control, included in the kit, can be used to construct a standard curve to calibrate the assay and confirm assay linearity. This is described in more detail in Section, "Data Analysis."

Although LDH is present in a host of human tissues, its release varies among cell types. Therefore, the most useful analysis of cytotoxicity in a cultured cell line involves measuring cytotoxicity as a percentage of damaged or lysed cells. In this analysis, the TREATED sample is compared to both an UNTREATED culture, and a LYSED control culture.



Example calculation for percent cytotoxicity:

$$\text{Cytotoxicity (\%)} = [(\text{TREATED sample} - \text{UNTREATED sample}) / (\text{LYSED sample} - \text{UNTREATED sample})] \times 100.$$

Where TREATED sample, UNTREATED sample, and LYSED sample represent the LDH activities of the treated, untreated and lysed samples.

Kit Contents, Storage and Shelf Life

The *MaxDiscovery™ Lactate Dehydrogenase (LDH) Cytotoxicity Assay Kit* has the capacity for 192 determinations or testing of 84 samples in duplicate (using 12 wells for serially-diluted standards). Upon receipt of the kit, store the standards and buffer at -20°C and the remainder of the kit at 4°C. Once the LDH Reagent Mix is reconstituted the shelf life of the kit is 3 months when properly stored. For more details, see "Preparation of Reagent Mix".

Kit Contents	Amount	Storage
Clear Microtiter Plate	2 x 96-well Plate (8 wells x 12 strips)	Room temp or 4°C
Opaque Plate	2 x 96-well Plate (500 µL capacity)	Room temp or 4°C
LDH Reagent Mix	2 bottles	4°C
BIOO Booster reagent	1 tube	4°C
Standard	Vial	- 20°C
Standard Dilution Buffer	7 mL	- 20°C

Required Materials/Equipment Not Provided With the Kit

- Microtiter plate reader (340 nm)
- Microcentrifuge tubes
- Distilled or deionized water
- Multichannel pipet (*recommended*)

Warnings and Precautions

BIOO strongly recommends that you read the following warnings and precautions to ensure your full awareness of the techniques and other details you should pay close attention to when running the assays. Periodically, optimizations and revisions are made to the kit and manual. Therefore, it is important to follow the protocol included with the kit. If you need further assistance, you may contact your local distributor or BIOO at techsupport2@biooscientific.com.

- Do not use the kit past the expiration date.
- Try to maintain a laboratory temperature of (20–25°C/68–77°F). Avoid running assays under or near air vents, as this may cause excessive cooling, heating and/or evaporation. Also, do not run assays in direct sunlight, as this may cause excessive heat and evaporation. Cold bench tops should be avoided by placing several layers of paper towel or some other insulation material under the assay plates during incubation.
- Use only distilled or deionized water since water quality is very important.
- When pipetting samples or reagents into an empty microtiter plate, place the pipette tips in



the lower corner of the well, making contact with the plastic.

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SAMPLE PREPARATION

The versatility of the *MaxDiscovery™ Lactate Dehydrogenase (LDH) Cytotoxicity Kit* allows users a great degree of freedom in choosing their cell culture parameters. Although BIOO provides a general cell culture outline that may prove useful for most cell lines, it is understood that many users cannot modify their experiments to fit a specific cytotoxicity assay. Therefore, BIOO has provided a means whereby users can modify the parameters of the LDH cytotoxicity assay to fit their experiments. For users who do not have rigid cell culture parameters, a general cell culture preparation guide is provided below. For those who cannot alter their cell culture parameters, an LDH Optimization guide is provided in the Assay Protocol section.

Cell Culture Preparation

The suggested seeding concentration for most adherent cell lines is between 5.0×10^4 and 2.5×10^5 cells per mL. We suggest that users perform each experimental condition in either duplicate or triplicate.

1. Seed cells in either a 96-well plate in 100 μ L of culture medium, or in a 24-well plate in 400 μ L of culture medium.
2. Culture the cells in a CO₂ incubator for at least 16 hours, and then replace the cell culture media. Allow cells to grow to at or near confluence.
3. Add test substances to wells designated "TREATED", and incubate for 2 – 24 hours.
4. Upon completion of desired experimental incubation, for 96-well plate samples add 5 μ L of BIOO Booster reagent to the wells designated "LYSED" and pipet up and down. Add 5 μ L of dH₂O to all other wells. For 24-well plate samples use 20 μ L of BIOO Booster reagent and dH₂O.
5. After a 20 minute incubation, pipet the "LYSED" wells up and down, and transfer cell culture supernatants from all wells to the provided opaque 96-well plate. Discard the cell culture plate.
6. For 96-well plate samples add 5 μ L of BIOO Booster reagent to each well. For 24-well plate samples add 20 μ L. Gently triturate (pipet up and down) each sample 4 – 5 times to mix.

Typical Cell Culture Plate Layout (96-well plate)						
	1, 2	3, 4	5, 6	7, 8	9, 10	11, 12
ROW A	UNTREATED culture	LYSED culture	TREATED culture (dose 1)	TREATED culture (dose 2)	TREATED culture (dose 3)	TREATED culture (dose 4)

Note: Rows B – H can be used for other test substances and/or extra dosing concentrations.

**LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE DETERMINATION TEST PROTOCOL****Reagent Preparation**

1. Turn on the plate reader, allow light source to warm up, and set the absorbance wavelength to 340 nm.
2. Warm up kit reagents to room temperature for 30 minutes.
3. Reconstitute the Reagent Mix: Add exactly 30 mL of deionized or distilled water to the LDH Reagent Mix powder. Mix by swirling or inverting the bottle 10 times. Allow contents to dissolve for 10 minutes at room temperature.

IMPORTANT: The reconstituted Reagent Mix can be left at room temperature for short periods (30 min) prior to use. Between uses, the reconstituted Reagent Mix should be stored at 4 °C (for up to 3 months). Discard the Reagent Mix 3 months after reconstitution.

Preparation of Standards

1. Label six clean microcentrifuge tubes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 (Neg).
2. Dissolve contents of Standard vial in 3.68mL of Standard Dilution Buffer. Mix well and transfer 150 μ L of dissolved Standard to Tube 1. Unused remaining portion in vial can be stored at -80°C for 6 months.
3. Serially dilute the standard by adding the appropriate volumes of Standard and Standard Dilution Buffer:

Standard Tube #	Preparation	Relative Dilution*
1	Add 150 μ L of dissolved Standard.	1
2	Add 75 μ L from Standard Tube #1 + 75 μ L of Standard Dilution Buffer. Mix thoroughly.	2
3	Add 75 μ L from Standard Tube #2 + 75 μ L of Standard Dilution Buffer. Mix thoroughly.	4
4	Add 75 μ L from Standard Tube #3 + 75 μ L of Standard Dilution Buffer. Mix thoroughly.	8
5	Add 75 μ L from Standard Tube #4 + 75 μ L of Standard Dilution Buffer. Mix thoroughly.	16
6 (Neg)	Add 100 μ L of Standard Dilution Buffer only.	NA

*Only needed for the generation of the Standard Curve.

Assay Optimization Guide

This guide provides users with a general outline to maximize the versatility of the *MaxDiscovery™ LDH Cytotoxicity Kit*. Since LDH expression differs across cell types, it is critical to calibrate the assay parameters so that the change of absorbance of the LYSED control sample remains linear across the length of the assay. This allows the LYSED control well to provide an accurate measure of total LDH concentration of a cell culture well.

1. Add 20 μ L of the LYSED positive control sample to a microplate well
2. Add 280 μ L of Reagent Mix to the well
3. Immediately measure the absorbance of each sample at 340 nm (= initial reading). After exactly 30 min, measure the absorbance again (= final reading)

If the absorbance change between the “final reading” and the “initial reading” is greater than 2.0 (with an “initial reading” of 1.0 or less), decrease the sample size used in the assay to 10 μ L. If the absorbance change remains above 2.0, continually shorten the assay length to 15 min, 10 min, and 5 min, until the “initial reading” is below 1.0 and the absorbance change is below 2.0.

If the absorbance change between the “final reading” and the “initial reading” is less than 0.1, increase the sample size used in the assay to 50 μ L. If the absorbance change remains below 0.1, increase the assay length to 60 minutes. If by using the 60 min assay length, the change of absorbance remains below 0.1, consider altering your cell culture conditions to increase cell density.

Note: In these cases, the parameter changes determined using this optimization procedure should then replace all parameters in the Assay Protocol below.

Assay Protocol

1. Add 20 μ L of each sample or standard (in duplicate) to the microplate wells.
2. Add 280 μ L of reconstituted LDH Reagent Mix to the well. (Ø Using a multichannel pipet or repeating pipettor is recommended).
3. Immediately measure the absorbance of each sample at 340 nm (= initial reading). After exactly 30 min, measure the absorbance again (= final reading).

DATA ANALYSIS

Cytotoxicity Analysis (%)

Use the formula below to calculate percent cytotoxicity of a treated cell culture supernatant.

1. Calculate the absorbance change for each sample by subtracting the “final reading” from the “initial reading”.
2. Calculate the average absorbance change for each condition run in duplicate, including UNTREATED, LYSED, and TREATED conditions.
3. Substitute the values into the following equation:

$$\text{Cytotoxicity (\%)} = \frac{\text{TREATED sample} - \text{UNTREATED control}}{\text{LYSED control} - \text{UNTREATED control}} \times 100$$

Where TREATED sample, UNTREATED control, and LYSED control represent the average absorbance change of their respective samples.

Standard Curve Construction

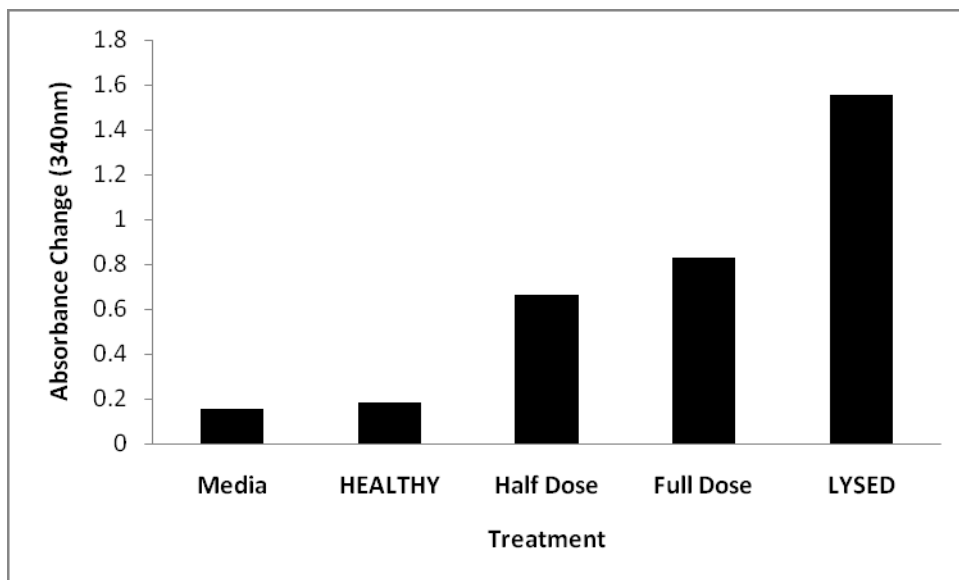
A calibration curve to confirm assay linearity can be constructed using the calibration standards supplied with the kit as follows:

1. For each calibration point, calculate the *average corrected absorbance* by subtracting the average “**FINAL**” absorbance of the “**Neg**” point from the average “**FINAL**” absorbance of each point in the calibration. This calculation should include subtracting the average “**Final**” absorbance of the “**Neg**” value from itself, which is zero.
2. For each standard, plot the average change in absorbance along the y-axis (from lowest in value to highest in value) and the inverse value of the relative dilution number* (i.e. 0.0625, 0.125, 0.25, 0.5 and 1) on the x-axis. For Tube #6 (Neg) use “0”.

APPENDIX: Results of LDH Cytotoxicity Assay Kit

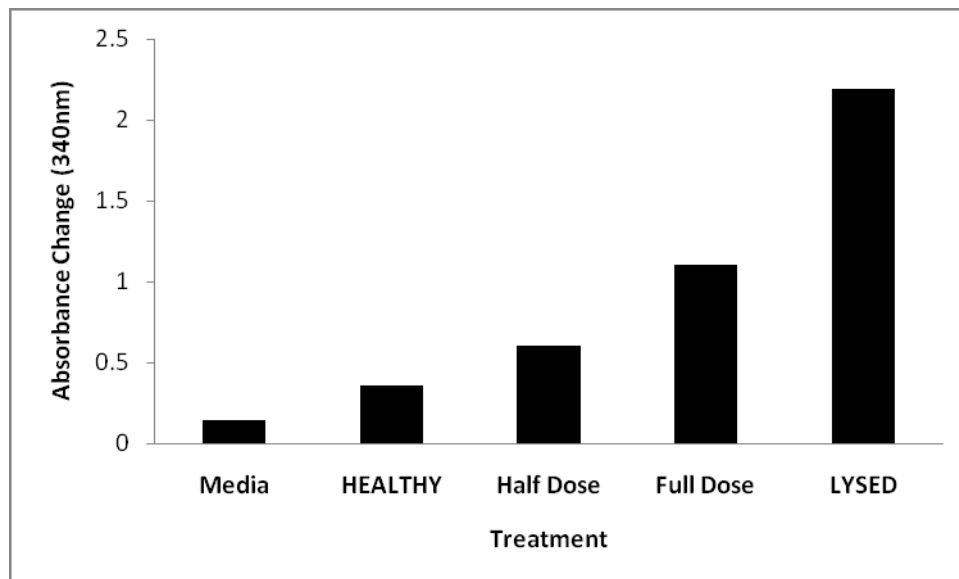
- A. Cells were seeded in a 24-well plate at a concentration of 2.5×10^5 / mL, and allowed to grow to confluence over 48 hours. Cell culture media was replaced and Cytotoxic Transfection Agent X was added in two increasing doses to the wells. Cells were further incubated 16 hours before harvesting cell culture supernatant.

1. HeLa cells





2. A549 cells



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