



*ELISA kit for measuring
UV-induced DNA damage*

**High Sensitivity CPD/
Cyclobutane Pyrimidine Dimer
ELISA kit**
(with mAb clone TDM-2)

Catalog Number : NM-MA-K001(96 tests)

For research use only, Not for diagnostic use.

- Please read this manual thoroughly before use -

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INTRODUCTION

Prolonged exposure to solar UV radiation may result in harmful acute and chronic effects to the skin (including skin cancers), eye, and immune system. These harmful effects appear to be closely related to UV-induced DNA damage. The major types of DNA damage induced by solar UV radiation are cyclobutane pyrimidine dimers (CPDs), (6-4) photoproducts (6-4PPs), and Dewar photoproducts (DewarPPs), which are formed between adjacent pyrimidine nucleotides on the same DNA strand. These helix-distorting DNA lesions are repaired exclusively by a nucleotide excision repair system in humans. To better study molecular events surrounding UV-induced DNA damage and repair, Mori *et al.* previously developed and characterized monoclonal antibody (mAb) specific for CPDs and mAb specific for 6-4PPs (1) while Matsunaga *et al.* developed and characterized mAb specific for DewarPPs (2). Three of these antibodies (CPDs: clone TDM-2; 6-4PPs: clone 64M-2; DewarPPs: clone DEM-1) continue to be cited frequently in the literature, often for use in ELISA by a recommended procedure.

This High Sensitivity Cyclobutane Pyrimidine Dimers (CPDs) ELISA Kit is the only commercially available ELISA utilizing anti-CPDs clone TDM-2 and has been optimized for high sensitivity detection of CPDs in DNA purified from cultured cells or from skin epidermis. This ELISA detects CPDs from dipyrimidines in all DNA sequence contexts (i.e., TT, TC, CT and CC). Thus, the availability and convenience of this ELISA Kit will contribute to further understanding molecular mechanisms involved in cellular responses to UV radiation and DNA damage with applications across many research fields including cancer research, photobiology, dermatology, ophthalmology, immunology, and cosmetics science.

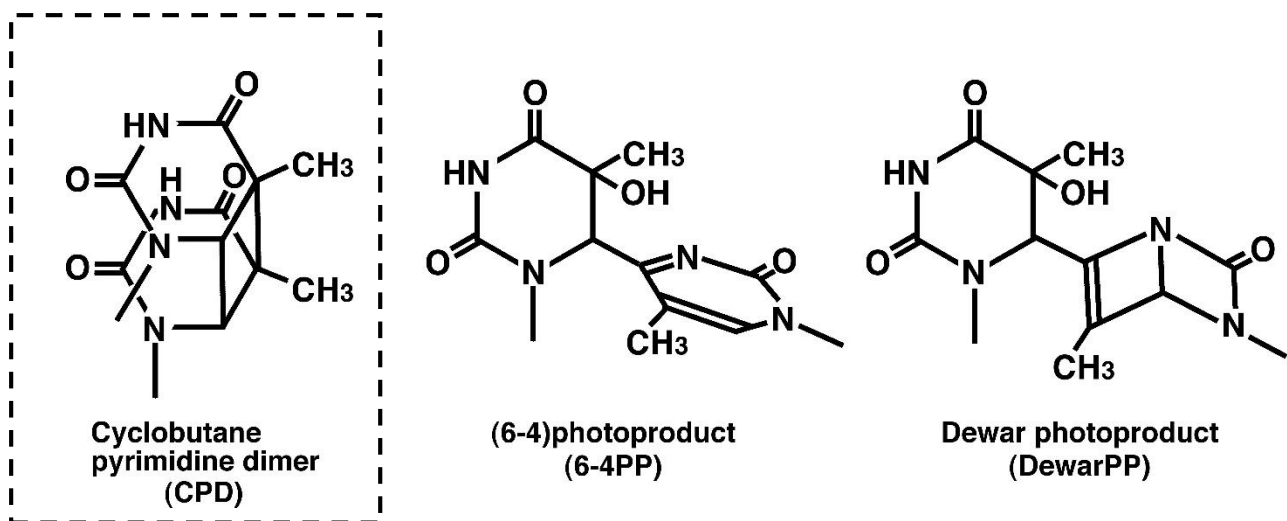


Figure 1: Structures of UV-induced DNA damage in thymine-thymine sequence

ASSAY PRINCIPLE

The format of this assay is ELISA with colorimetric detection. In brief, genomic DNA purified from UV-damaged cells is heat denatured and applied to microtiter wells pre-coated with protamine sulfate. CPD specific monoclonal antibody clone TDM-2 (Cosmo Bio Cat. No. CAC-NM-DND-001) is then added to each well for thirty minutes and unbound antibody is removed by rinsing. The amount of TDM-2 antibody remaining in each well is then measured by sequential treatment of wells with biotinylated 2nd antibody, streptavidin-peroxidase, and o-phenylenediamine (OPD). The reaction between peroxidase, H₂O₂ and OPD produces a yellow orange color, the strength of which is generally proportional to the amount of TDM-2 antibody remaining bound to the plate. The color development reaction is stopped and the absorbance of each well at 492 nm is measured with a spectrophotometer.

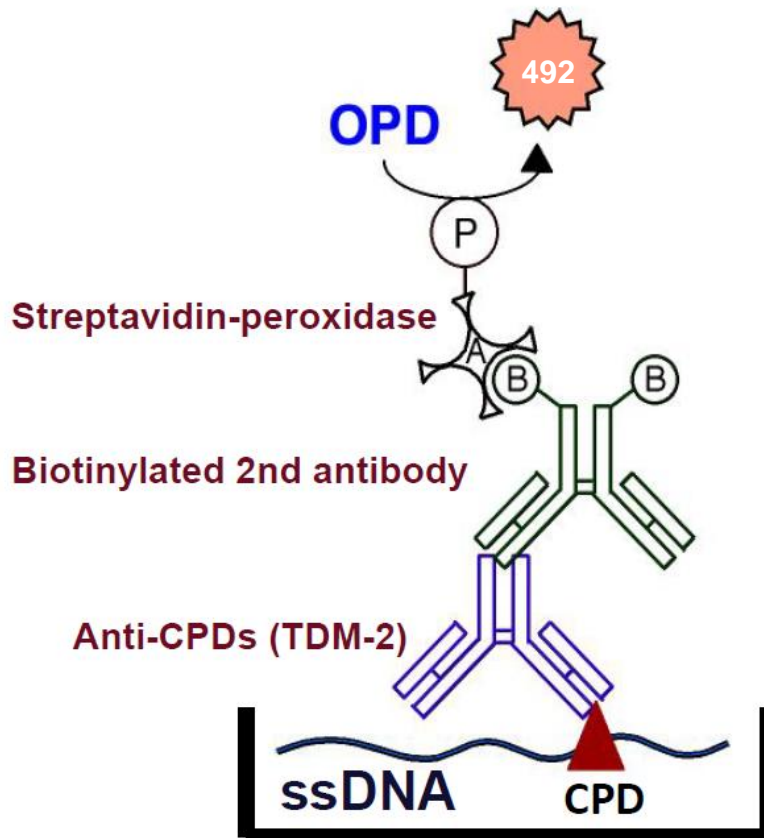


Figure 2: An ELISA for CPDs

REACTIVITY

- 1) Anti-CPDs monoclonal antibody clone TDM-2 recognizes CPDs on single-stranded DNA.
- 2) TDM-2 binds to CPDs formed each dipyrimidine sequence context (TT, TC, CT and CC).
- 3) TDM-2 stably binds to CPDs in DNA longer than eight bases.
- 4) TDM-2 binds to CPDs in UV-irradiated DNA purified from a wide range of sources the prokaryote and eukaryote irradiated with UV.

KIT COMPONENTS

Item	Amount
ELISA plate precoated with protamine sulfate (12 x 8 well strips)	1 plate
Positive standard Calf thymus DNA, UVC irradiated (10 J/m ²)	1 vial (1 µg), lyophilized. Reconstitute with 100 µL purified water before use.
Negative standard Calf thymus DNA, not irradiated	1 vial (1 µg), lyophilized. Reconstitute with 100 µL purified water before use.
Assay Diluent Concentrate (10X)	1 vial (10 mL)
Wash Buffer Concentrate (20X)	2 x 15 mL vials
Blocking Reagent Concentrate (50X)	2 vials, lyophilized. Reconstitute each vial with 200 µL purified water before use.
Anti-CPDs Monoclonal Antibody (clone TDM-2) (100X)	1 vial, lyophilized. Reconstitute with 150 µL purified water for a 100X working solution.
Biotinylated 2nd antibody (100X)	1 vial, lyophilized. Reconstitute with 150 µL purified water for a 100X working solution.
Streptavidin-peroxidase (100X)	1 vial, lyophilized. Reconstitute with 150 µL purified water for a 100X working solution.
OPD Tablet (2mg)	2 tablets
OPD Diluent Concentrate (10X)	2 x 600 µL vials
Stop Solution	1 vial (12 mL)
Plate Cover Film	3 covers
Instruction Manual	1 manual

MATERIALS TO BE SUPPLIED BY THE USERS

- DNA samples
- DNA Purification Kit (for sample preparation).
Recommended: QIAamp Blood Kit (QIAGEN, Cat. No. 51104 or 51106)
- 100 °C Heating Block
- Ice bath (Crush ice)
- Purified water
- 10 µL - 1000 µL adjustable single channel micropipettors and disposable tips
- 50 µL - 150 µL adjustable multichannel micropipettors and disposable tips
- Reservoir for Wash Solution
- 1.5 mL tubes (for diluting samples)
- 15 mL or 50 mL tubes (for dilutions)
- 37°C Incubator (non-humidified)
- Absorbance microplate reader capable of reading 492 nm.
- Vortex mixer
- Desktop centrifuge

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STORAGE

Unopened kit	: 4 °C
Opened kit	
Reconstituted solutions	: -20 °C
Other reagents	: 4 °C
ELISA plate precoated with protamine sulfate	: room temperature, protect from light

PREPARATION OF REAGENTS

1. ELISA plate precoated with protamine sulfate

Bring to room temperature (18-25 °C) before use. Return unused wells to foil pouch.

2. Positive and Negative CPD Standards

Standards are lyophilized. Reconstitute with 100 µL of purified water. The concentration of the standard solution is 10 µg/mL.

3. Assay Diluent

Dilute 10 mL of *Assay Diluent* concentrate (10X) with 90 mL purified water to make 100 mL of *Assay Diluent* (1X).

4. Wash Buffer

Dilute 15 mL of *Wash Buffer* concentrate (20X) with 285 mL purified water to make 300 mL of *Wash Buffer* (1X).

5. Blocking Reagent

The *Blocking Reagent* is lyophilized. Reconstitute with 200 µL of purified water. Upon reconstitution, the solution is a 50X concentrate. Dilute 1:50 with *Assay Diluent* to prepare *Blocking Reagent Working Solution*.

6. Anti-CPDs

The *Anti-CPDs* antibody is lyophilized. Reconstitute with 150 µL of purified water. Upon reconstitution, the *Anti-CPDs* solution is a 100X concentrate. Dilute 1:100 with *Assay Diluent* to prepare *Anti-CPDs Working Solution*.

7. Biotinylated 2nd Antibody

This 2nd antibody is lyophilized. Reconstitute with 150 µL of purified water. Upon reconstitution, the *Biotinylated 2nd Antibody* solution is a 100X concentrate. Dilute 1:100 with *Assay Diluent* to prepare *Biotinylated 2nd Antibody Working Solution*.

8. Streptavidin-peroxidase

This *streptavidin-peroxidase* conjugate is lyophilized. Reconstitute with 150 µL of purified water. Upon reconstitution, the solution is a 100X concentrate. Dilute 1:100 with *Assay Diluent* to prepare *Streptavidin-Peroxidase Working Solution*.

9. OPD Diluent

OPD Diluent is provided as a 10X concentrate. Dilute 500 µL of *OPD Diluent* concentrate (10X) with 4.5 mL of purified water to prepare 5 mL of 1X *OPD Diluent*. Prepare immediately before use.

10. OPD Substrate Solution

Dissolve one OPD tablet in 5 mL 1X *OPD Diluent* to make Working *OPD Substrate Solution*. Prepare immediately before use.

ASSAY PROTOCOLS

A. Cell culture and UV irradiation

1. Plate cells in 10 cm dishes and culture for one or two days.
2. Wash cells once with Dulbecco's PBS (DPBS) and irradiate with UV (e.g., 0, 2.5, 5, 7.5, 10 J/m² at 254 nm). To study DNA repair, irradiate cells with 10 J/m² and incubate for various amounts of time before harvesting (e.g., 3, 6, 12 hours) to allow repair.
3. Wash cells with 10 mL DPBS. Harvest by scraping cells from dish. Centrifuge at 10,000xg for 15 seconds at 4 °C
4. Store cell pellets at –80 °C until ready for DNA isolation.

B. DNA isolation

5. Purify genomic DNA using a QIAamp Blood Kit (QIAGEN, Cat. No. 51104 or 51106) or similar. DNA concentrations are calculated by absorbance at 260 nm.

C. DNA sample coating to the ELISA plate precoated with protamine sulfate

6. Prepare sample DNA or CPDs DNA Standards solutions to a concentration of 0.4 µg/mL with 1X Assay *Diluent*. Denature DNA solutions by heating to 100°C for 10 minutes, then chill rapidly in an ice bath for 15 minutes.
7. Apply 50 µL/well of denatured DNA solution to the ELISA plate wells precoated with protamine sulfate (duplicates recommended) and dry completely overnight by incubation at 37 °C.

D. DNA damage detection

8. Wash the DNA-coated plates 5 times with 150 µL/ well of *1X Wash Buffer*.
9. Add 150 µL/well *Blocking Reagent Working Solution* to each well to prevent non-specific binding of antibody.
10. Incubate 30 minutes at 37 °C
11. Wash the plates 5 times with 150 µL/well of *1X Wash Buffer*.
12. Add 100 µL/well of *Anti-CPD Working Solution* and incubate 30 minutes at 37 °C.
13. Wash the plates 5 times with 150 µL/well of *1X Wash Buffer*.
14. Add 100 µL/well *Biotinylated 2nd Antibody Working Solution* and incubate 30 minutes at 37 °C.
15. Wash the plates 5 times with 150 µL/well of *1X Wash Buffer*.
16. Add 100 µL/well of *Streptavidin-Peroxidase Working Solution* and incubate 30 minutes at 37 °C.
17. Wash the plates 5 times with 150 µL/well of *1X Wash Buffer*.
18. Add 100 µL/well Working *OPD Substrate Solution* to each well and incubate 30 minutes at 37 °C.
19. Add 50 µL/well *Stop Solution* to each well to stop enzyme reaction.
20. Mix gently and immediately determine the absorbance at 492 nm of each well using a spectrophotometer.

NOTES

- Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- If a precipitate appear in *Assay Diluent* concentrate or *Wash Buffer* concentrate, warm it gently to dissolve the precipitate before use.

EXAMPLE OF RESULTS

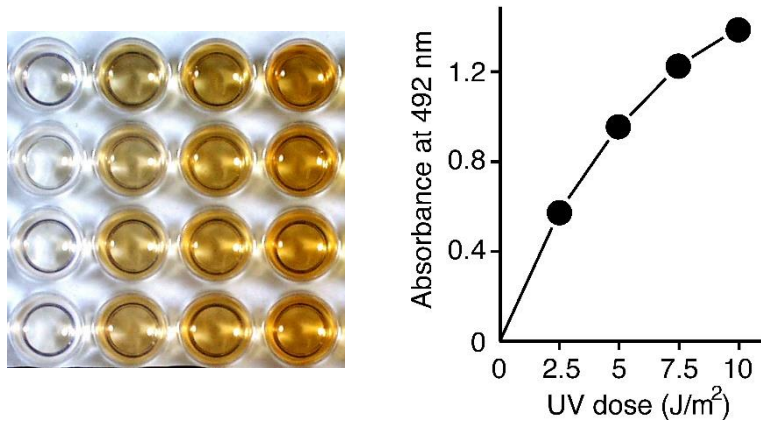


Figure 3: UV-induced CPDs in DNA measured by ELISA

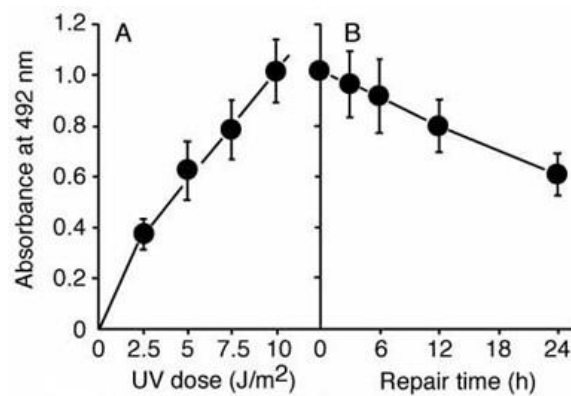


Figure 4: Formation and repair of UV-induced CPDs in human cells measured by ELISA

UVC radiation induces CPDs in DNA of HeLa cells in dose-dependent manner. The initial level of CPDs induced by 10 J/m² of UVC gradually decreases over time as CPDs are repaired, indicating the capacity of nucleotide excision repair in HeLa cells.

SELECTED REFERENCES

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More than 200 papers using TDM-2 antibodies have been published so far.

RELATED PRODUCTS

Product Name	Maker	Cat#
Anti cyclobutane pyrimidine dimers (CPDs) Monoclonal Antibody (Clone:TDM-2)	CAC	NM-DND-001
Anti (6-4) photoproducts (6-4PPs) Monoclonal Antibody (Clone:64M-2)	CAC	NM-DND-002
Anti Dewar photoproducts (DewarPPs) Monoclonal Antibody (Clone:DEM-1)	CAC	NM-DND-003
Anti Acetylaminofluorene(AAF)-DNA adducts Monoclonal Antibody (Clone:AAF-1)	CAC	NM-MA-001
High Sensitivity 6-4PP ELISA kit	CAC	NM-MA-K002
UVC irradiated DNA sample (0, 2.5, 5, 7.5, 10 J/m ²)	CSR	NM-MA-R010
PROTAMINE SULFATE COATED ELISA PLATE 96	CSR	NM-MA-P001
PROTAMINE SULFATE COATED ELISA PLATE 96 x 5	CSR	NM-MA-P002
PROTAMINE SULFATE COATED ELISA PLATE 96 x 10	CSR	NM-MA-P003
Anti XPA Monoclonal Antibody (Clone:A-2)	CAC	KUP-TM-M01
Anti XPA Monoclonal Antibody (Clone:5F12)	BAM	70-032
Anti XPF Monoclonal Antibody (Clone:19-16)	CAC	KUP-TM-M02
Anti XPG Monoclonal Antibody (Clone:G-26)	CAC	KUP-TM-M03
Anti ERCC1 Monoclonal Antibody (Clone:E1-44)	CAC	KUP-TM-M04
Anti DDB1 Monoclonal Antibody (Clone:43233-3-1)	CAC	KUP-TM-M05

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