



Anti-S-guanylation

Background

8-Nitroguanosine is a nitrated nucleic acid which is formed from the reactions of guanosine with peroxydinitrite, myeloperoxidase, nitrite, and peroxide. It is known that the nitration of guanine is enhanced in virus infection^{1, 2}, bacterial infection^{3, 4}, inflammatory disease⁵, cancers⁵, and diseases associated with smoking⁶. 8-Nitroguanosine is thought to be one of the makers of DNA damage caused by oxidative stress. Cyclic GMP (cGMP) is a second messenger that activates protein kinase G. 8-Nitro-cGMP (nitrated cGMP) has been identified as a nitrated cGMP formed in vivo³. 8-Nitro-cGMP can act as a unique second messenger distinct from cGMP to induce antioxidative adaptive responses^{3, 7-9}. Mode of actions of 8-nitro-cGMP mainly relies on its adduction to protein cysteine residues called "protein S-guanylation", as a posttranslational modification.

Product type	Primary Antibody
Immunogen	Bovine serum albumin of which cysteine residues are S-guanylated by 8-nitro-cGMP
Raised in	Mouse
Clone number	1B10, 2E5
Isotype	IgG1
Source	Ascites
Purification	Ion-Exchange Chromatography
Buffer	Phosphate buffered saline (no preservatives added)
Concentration	0.5 mg/mL
Volume	50 ug
Label	Unlabeled
Specificity	Protein cysteine residues that are S-guanylated by 8-nitro-cGMP
Storage	Store at -70°C Aliquot to avoid cycles of freeze/thaw.

Recommended Dilutions	Western blotting (1 : 3,000) Other applications have not been tested or not reactive. Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
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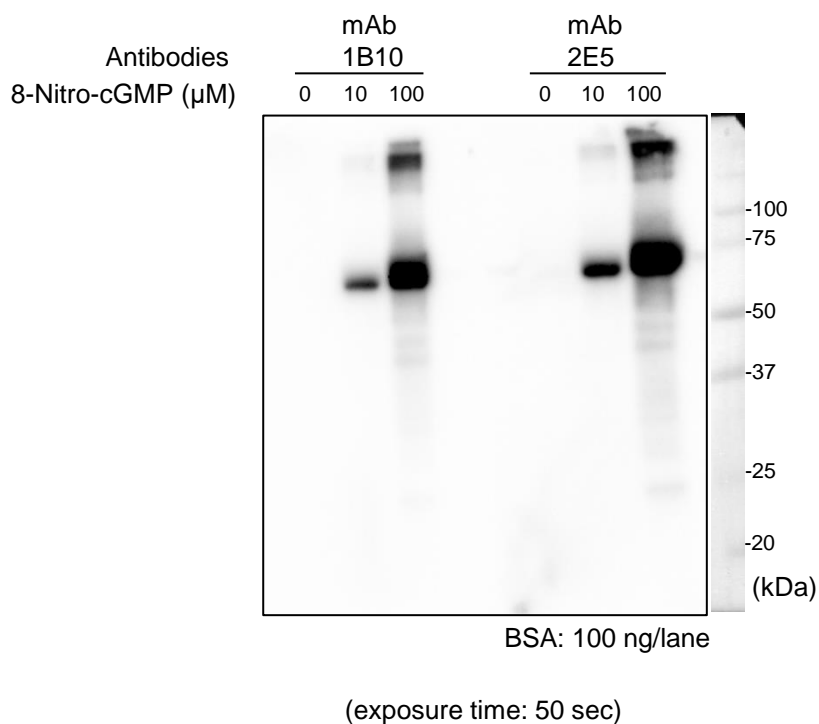


Fig 1. Western blot analysis for protein S-guanlylation. Bovine serum albumin (BSA) was reduced by dithiothreitol to introduce free cysteine residues. Protein S-guanlylation was then induced by reacting reduced BSA with 8-nitro-cGMP at indicated concentrations at 37 °C for 20 hrs. Protein bands were clearly detected upon protein S-guanlylation, whereas no band was detected for negative control without 8-nitro-cGMP treatment.
 Block membrane in 5% skim milk/Tris-saline (150 mM NaCl/10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.6)
 Primary antibody dilution buffer : 5% skim milk/Tris-saline (150 mM NaCl/10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.6)
 Secondary antibody dilution buffer : 5% skim milk/Tris-saline (150 mM NaCl/10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.6)

References:

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COSMO BIO CO., LTD.

【JAPAN】

TOYO EKIMAE BLDG. 2-20, TOYO 2-CHOME,
KOTO-KU, TOKYO 135-0016, JAPAN
Phone: +81-3-5632-9610
FAX: +81-3-5632-9619
URL: <https://www.cosmobio.co.jp/>



COSMO BIO USA

【Outside Japan】

2792 Loker Ave West, Suite 101
Carlsbad, CA 92010, USA
email: info@cosmobioussa.com
Phone/FAX: (+1) 760-431-4600
URL: www.cosmobioussa.com