

Product Information

CFTM647 F(ab')₂ Fragment of Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L)

Catalog Number: 20042

Unit Size: 0.25 mL

Concentration: 2 mg/mL in pH-7.4 PBS containing 10 mg/mL bovine serum albumin (IgG-free and protease-free) and 0.01% sodium azide.

Color and Form: Blue solution.

Spectral Property

$\lambda_{\text{abs}}/\lambda_{\text{em}} = 650/665 \text{ nm}$ (in pH 7.4 PBS buffer)
CFTM647 is spectrally similar to CyTM5 and Alexa Fluor 647.

Storage and Handling

Product is stable for about 6 months at 4°C as an undiluted liquid. Storage of the antibody for more than a day at final working dilution is not recommended. *Protect from light.*

Product Description

CFTM647 F(ab')₂ fragment of goat anti-mouse IgG is an affinity-purified goat anti-mouse IgG labeled with a red fluorescent dye CFTM647, one of an outstanding series of CF dyes developed by Biotium. CFTM dyes are superior to both Alexa[®] Fluor dyes and CyTM dyes for antibody labeling by having combined advantages in brightness, photostability, specificity and novel features ideal for *in vivo* imaging (Please visit our website for details). Biotium also provides whole goat anti-mouse IgG labeled with CF647 (cat# 20040).

General Protocols for Using CFTM-labeled IgG Secondary Antibodies

Recommended Dilution Range

1-10 µg/mL of the IgG conjugate for most applications (appropriate dilutions of the conjugate should be determined empirically).

Immunofluorescence Protocol for Microscopy

There are many methods for immunofluorescence staining. The protocol below is a general guideline for staining cells and should be optimized or modified to obtain the best results for each particular application.

1. Coverslip preparation for adherent cells

- 1.1 Culture cells on slide chambers or sterile glass coverslips (with poly-L-lysine coating if cells do not adhere well, see below). We recommend 18 x 18 mm square coverslips in 6-well plates or 4-well chamber slides.
- 1.2 Allow cells to adhere and treat as desired.
- 1.3 Rinse cells gently with PBS.

2. Coverslip preparation for non-adherent cells

- 2.1 Coat coverslips with 0.01% poly-L-lysine solution for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 2.2 Aspirate the poly-L-lysine solution and allow coverslips to dry completely.
- 2.3 Centrifuge cells in medium and resuspend in PBS. Transfer cells to coverslips.
- 2.4 Incubate for 30-60 minutes. Check for adherence by microscope.

3. Fixation and Staining

- 3.1 Fix with 4% paraformaldehyde/PBS, 15 min.
- 3.2 Rinse twice with PBS to remove traces of fixative.
- 3.3 Permeabilize with 0.1 - 0.5% TritonX-100/PBS, 5-10 min.
- 3.4 Block with blocking agent such as with 5% BSA or normal goat serum in PBS, 30 min.
- 3.5 Dilute primary antibody in dilution buffer as recommended in the specific product's datasheet. Overlay enough diluted antibody to cover cells on coverslip (150-200 µL is usually sufficient to cover the surface area) or add to each chamber of the chamber slides. Keep slips covered or in a humidified chamber to avoid evaporation.
- 3.6 Rinse three times with PBS, 5 min each wash.
- 3.7 Dilute fluorescent secondary antibody in dilution buffer and incubate for 1 hour at room temperature. General range for IgG conjugates is between 1-10 µg/mL for most applications. Cell samples without primary antibody incubation is recommended for background control. Keep slips covered or in a humidified chamber to avoid evaporation.
- 3.8 Rinse three times with PBS, 5 min each wash.
- 3.9 Additional staining with fluorescent nuclear stains or phalloidins can be done at this step.
- 3.10 Invert each coverslip onto a pre-cleaned slide with mounting media, preferably one with an anti-fade preservative. Seal edges with clear polish if desired.
- 3.11 Store slides in the dark at 4°C.

Staining Protocol for Flow Cytometry

There are many alternative procedures that can be used for specific staining experiments. The protocol below is a general guideline for flow cytometry and should be optimized or modified for each application.

- 1 Aliquot 1 X 10⁶ cells into 12 X 75 mm polypropylene tubes for flow cytometry.
- 2 For intracellular staining, cells can be fixed first to ensure stability of soluble antigens or antigens with short half-lives. We recommend a fix and perm kit from reliable manufacturers. Follow manufacturer's instructions.
- 3 Add the primary antibody or isotype control at the appropriate dilution to the assay tubes. Incubate according to manufacturer's instructions.
- 4 Rinse cells twice by centrifugation with 2-3 mL incubation buffer.
- 5 Decant supernatant and re-suspend the pellet in remaining volume of wash.
- 6 Add fluorescent secondary antibody and incubate for 20-30 minutes. General range for secondary antibodies is between 1-10 µg/mL for IgG conjugates for most applications.

- 7 Rinse cells twice by centrifugation with 2-3 mL incubation buffer. Centrifuge to collect cells after each wash. Decant supernatant.
- 8 Resuspend cells in 0.5 mL of diluent of choice to analyze on flow cytometer. Acquire data using the correct channel.

Tips and Hints:

- 1) No signal or weak fluorescence intensity may suggest the following: (a) insufficient antibody is present for detection, (b) intracellular target was not accessible, (c) excitation sources are not aligned, (d) target protein is not present or expressed at low levels, (e) fluorochrome has faded, and/or (f) primary and secondary antibodies are not compatible.
- 2) High fluorescence intensity may suggest the following: (a) antibody concentration is too high, (b) excess antibody was not washed away efficiently, and/or (c) blocking was inadequate. Increase antibody dilution and washes.

CF™-labeled antibodies can also be used for staining histological sections from paraffin-embedded or frozen tissues.

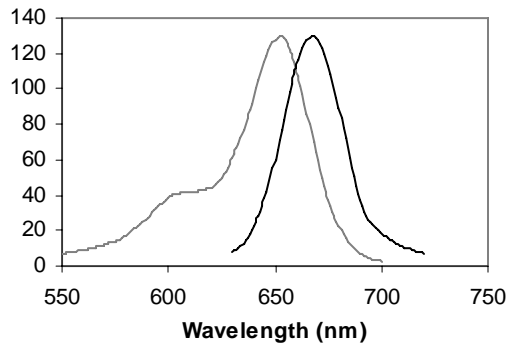
References

1. Donaldson, J.G. Immunofluorescence staining. (2001) Curr Protoc Cell Biol. Chapter 4: Unit 4.3.
2. Blose, S.H. and Feramisco, J.R. (1983) Fluorescent methods in the analysis of cell structure. Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory.

Useful websites:

www.chroma.com

Absorption/Emission Spectra of CF 647 Conjugated Antibodies



Other Related Products

You may also be interested in the following related products:

Table 1. List of CF Dye Product Categories*			
Product Type	Application	Unit Size	Unit Price(\$)
CF dye NHS esters	Labeling antibodies and other biomolecules	1umole	210.00
VivoBrite near-IR CF dye labeling kit for small animal in vivo imaging	Labeling antibodies for in vivo imaging	3 labelings	395.00
CF dye goat anti-mouse IgG (H+L), 2 mg/mL	Microscopy, flow cytometry and Western blotting	0.5 mL	130.00
CF dye goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L), 2 mg/mL	Microscopy, flow cytometry and Western blotting	0.5 mL	130.00
CF dye goat anti-guinea pig IgG (H+L), 2 mg/mL	Microscopy, flow cytometry and Western blotting	0.5 mL	130.00
CF dye F(ab')2 fragment of goat anti-mouse IgG (H+L), 2 mg/mL	Microscopy, flow cytometry and Western blotting	0.25 mL	105.00
CF dye F(ab')2 fragment of goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L), 2 mg/mL	Microscopy, flow cytometry and Western blotting	0.25 mL	105.00
Near-IR CF dye goat anti-mouse IgG (H+L), 2 mg/mL	Microscopy, flow cytometry and Western blotting	0.5 mL	150.00
Near-IR CF dye goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L), 2 mg/mL	Microscopy, flow cytometry and Western blotting	0.5 mL	150.00
Near-IR CF dye goat-anti-mouse IgG (H+L), highly cross-adsorbed, 2 mg/mL	Microscopy, flow cytometry and Western blotting	0.25 mL	160.00
Near-IR CF dye goat-anti-rabbit IgG (H+L), highly cross-adsorbed, 2 mg/mL	Microscopy, flow cytometry and Western blotting	0.25 mL	160.00
CF dye annexin V conjugates, 50 ug/mL	Apoptosis	0.5 mL	210.00
CF dye phalloidin conjugates	F-actin staining	300 U	295.00

*For a complete list and descriptions of individual products, please visit biotium website: www.biotium.com

*CF™ dye technology is covered by pending US and international patents.
 ™ Alexa® is a registered trademark of Invitrogen, and Cy is a trademark of GE Healthcare; and Dylight is a trademark of Thermo Fisher Scientific..