

Protein carbonyls western blot detection kit 15 Blots (7.5 cm X 8.5 cm)

Catalog number: SML-ROIKO3-EX

Kit component

Antibody: Rabbit anti-DNP antibody 0.075 mL

10 mM Tris (pH 7.6), 0.14 M NaCl

★This kit does not contain NaN₃

The property of the antibody see below 1)

DNPH solution (shade the light): 10X 2,4-Dinitrophenylhydrazine (DNPH) solution 15 mL

Oxidized protein: oxidized BSA, soluble in SDS-PAGE sample buffer 2 0.15 mL

Storage and Stability: antibody, DNPH solution, oxidized protein 4°C, 1 year

1) [property of the antibody]

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

2,4-dinitrophenyl (DNP) IgG

Purified IgG Fraction

Rabbit anti-DNP IgG

Volume: 0.075 mL Antigen: DNP-KLH

Host: Rabbit

Supplied As: IgG fraction purified from rabbit serum.

Prepared in 10 mM Tris (pH 7.6), 0.14 M NaCl.

Storage and Stability: 4 °C, 1 year

2) [SDS-PAGE sample buffer]

62.5 mM Tris-HCl, pH 6.8, 2% SDS, 5% 2-mercaptoethanol, 10% glycerol, 0.05% bromophenol blue



Protein carbonyls western blot protocol

Electrophoresis and transfer

- 1. Prepare the electrophoresis sample
- 2. Electrophoresis the sample. Oxidized protein use 10 μl per lane.
- 3. Transfer a PVDF membrane.
 - *We recommend PVDF membrane because nitrocellulose membrane is high background.

DNPH derivatization (all steps are at room temperature, with shaking)

- Immerse the transferred PVDF membrane in 100% Methanol for 1 minute (this step doesn't need nitrocellulose membrane).
- 2. Wash the membrane in 20% methanol 80% TBS (10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4, 0.14 M NaCl) for 5 minutes.
- 3. Wash the membrane in 2 N HCl for 5 minutes.
- 5. Wash the membrane three times in 2 N HCl for 5 minutes each time.
- 6. Wash the membrane seven times in 100% methanol (PVDF membrane) or 50% methanol (Nitrocellulose membrane), 5 minutes each time.
- 7. Wash the membrane in TBS for 5 minutes.

milk/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature.

Immunoreactions and detection

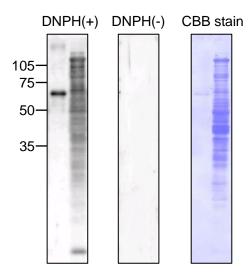
- 1. Blocking
 - Block the membrane in 5% Skim milk/TBST (10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4, 0.14 M NaCl, 0.1% Tween-20) for 1 hour at room temperature with constant agitation.
- 3. Wash the membrane three times in TBST for 5 minutes each time.
- 4. Reaction of secondary antibody (you can use a commercial antibody)
 Method of using a Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, HRP-conjugate for secondary antibody
 Incubate the membrane with secondary antibody diluted in 5% Skim milk/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature.



5. Wash the membrane three times in TBST for 5 minutes each time.

6. Detection

Use the detection method of your choice. We recommend enhanced chemiluminescence reagent.



[Western Blot Analysis]

DNPH(+): DNPH in 2 N HCI

Left lane: oxidized BSA 0.1 μg

Right lane: mouse liver extract 5 µg

DNPH(-): 2 N HCI

Left lane: oxidized BSA 0.1 μg

Right lane: mouse liver extract 5 µg

CBB stain: proteins stained by Coomassie brilliant

blue

★ DNP antibody at 1:2,000 dilution used.

References:

- 1. Nakamura A. et al., Analysis of protein carbonyls with 2,4-dinitrophenyl hydrazine and its antibodies by immunoblot in two-dimensional gel electrophoresis. *J Biochem (Tokyo)*. 119 768-774 (1996)
- 2. Goto S. et al., Age-associated, oxidatively modified proteins: A critical evaluation. *Age* <u>20</u> 81-89 (1997)
- 3. Goto S. et al., Carbonylated Proteins in Aging and Exercise: Immunoblot Approaches. *Mech Ageing Dev* 107 245-253 (1999)
- 4. Nakamura A. et al., Vitellogenin-6 is a major carbonylated protein in aged nematode, *Caenorhabditis elegans*. *Biochem Biophys Res Commun*. 264 580-583 (1999)
- 5. Robinson CE. et al., Determination of protein carbonyl groups by immunoblotting. *Anal Biochem.* 266 48-57 (1999)
- 6. Sato T. et al., Senescence marker protein-30 protects mice lungs from oxidative stress, aging, and smoking. *Am J Respir Crit Care Med*. <u>174</u> 530-537 (2006)



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