

## Anti-p53 phospho-Ser46 antibody, monoclonal (#36)

71-115

100 ug

*p53* mutants are found in more than half of human cancers and are considered as the most important human cancer related gene. *p53* is detected at 53kD position by electrophoresis and is composed of 393 amino acids. In the unstressed normal cells the *p53* level is low and it is inactive. However, with stress, especially with DNA damage, it is activated to promote arrest of cell cycle and repair of DNA damage, or induction of apoptosis. The functions of *p53* are regulated by phosphorylation of serine and threonine, and acetylation of lysine at various sites in the molecule. Among the phosphorylation sites, Ser46 is phosphorylated when DNA damage is so severe as to become unrepairable, which leads to apoptosis by activating transcription of proapoptotic genes such as *p53AIP1*. As to the kinase of phosphorylation of Ser46, involvement of DYRK2 and ATM have been implicated.

### Applications

- 1) Western blotting (x1,000~2,000 dilution)
  - 2) Immunohistochemistry (assay dependent)
  - 3) ELISA
- Other applications have not been tested.

**Immunogen:** Synthetic peptide containing phospho-Ser46 of *p53*

**Isotype:** mouse IgG1 ( $\kappa$ )

**Product:** Purified from serum-free culture medium of hybridoma (#36) by proprietary chromatography procedures under mild conditions.

**Form:** 1mg/ml in PBS, 50% glycerol, filter-sterilized. Azide- and carrier-free.

**Reactivity:** Human *p53*-phosphorylated at Ser46. Not tested in other species.

**Storage:** Sent at 4°C or -20 °C. Upon arrival, spin-down and store at -20°C

**Data Link** UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot [P04637](#) (P53\_HUMAN)

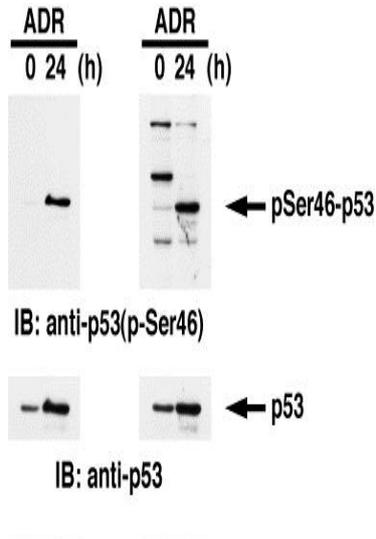
### References This product was used in the following publications.

1. Taira N. et al (2007) DYRK2 is targeted to the nucleus and controls *p53* via Ser46 phosphorylation in the apoptotic response to DNA damage. *Mol. Cell* 25:725-738. PMID: [17349958](#) **WB**
2. Kodama M. et al (2010) Requirement of ATM for rapid *p53* phosphorylation at Ser46 without Ser/Thr-Gln sequences. *Mol Cell Biol.* 30:1620-33. PMID [20123963](#) **Free Article. WB, IF**
3. Taira N. et al (2010) ATM augments nuclear stabilization of DYRK2 by inhibiting MDM2 in the apoptotic response to DNA damage. *J Biol Chem.* 285:4909-19. PMID: [19965871](#) **Free Article. WB**

### Related Products:

[#71-113 anti-p53 \(p-S20\)](#)    [#71-117 anti-p53 \(p-S315\)](#)

[#71-131 anti-p53 \(Ac-K120\)](#)    [#71-133 anti-p53 \(Ac-K382\)](#)

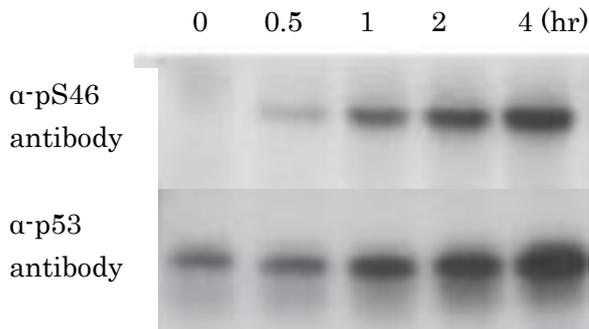


**Fig.1. Identification of Ser46-phosphorylated p53 protein by western blotting.**

Samples: Crude cell extracts of MOLT-4 untreated (left lanes) and treated with adriamycin for 24 h (right lanes).

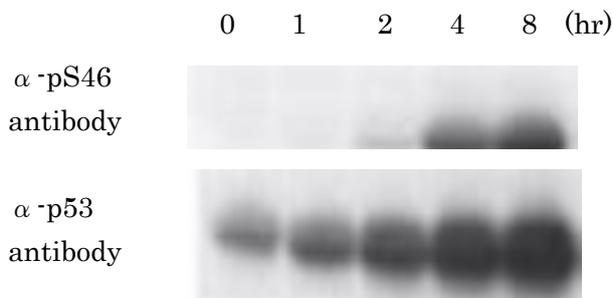
The left panel is the result with our product and the right panel is the one obtained with the product of our competitor.

The lower panel is the whole p53 protein identified by omnipotent anti-p53 antibody.



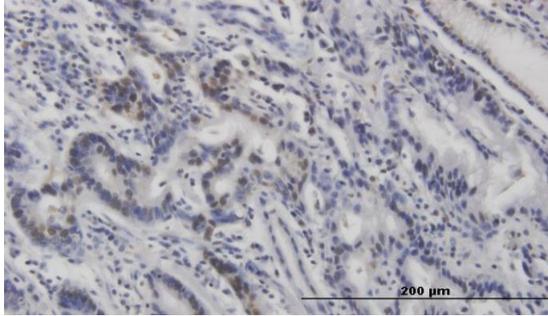
**Fig.2. Kinetics of phosphorylation of p53 at Ser46 after X-ray irradiation .**

Samples of U2OS cells (human osteosarcoma) were taken at the indicated times after X-ray irradiation at 10 Gy and analyzed by western blotting with anti-p53 p-S46 antibody (#36) and anti-p53 antibody (non BioAcademia). Primary antibodies were diluted with “ Can Get Signal “ signal enhancer (Toyobo, Osaka).



**Fig.3. Kinetics of phosphorylation of p53 at Ser46 after UV-irradiation.**

Samples of MCF7 cells (human breast cancer cell line) were taken at the indicated times after UV-irradiation at 20 J/m<sup>2</sup> and analyzed by western blotting with anti-p53 p-S46 antibody (#36) and anti-p53 antibody (non BioAcademia). Primary antibodies were diluted with “ Can Get Signal “ signal enhancer (Toyobo, Osaka).



**Fig.4. Immunohistochemistry of stomach cancer.**  
Formalin/PFU fixed paraffin-embedded section