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Catalog No. 70-653EX

Anti-SUMO1 antibody, rat monoclonal (4D12)

SUMO (Small Ubiquitin-like Modifier) proteins are a family of small proteins that are covalently attached to and detached from other proteins in cells to modify their function. Unlike ubiquitination, which targets proteins for degradation, **SUMO** modification plays a critical role in a number of cellular functions including nucleocytoplasmic transport, gene expression, cell cycle and formation of subnuclear structures such as promyelocytic leukemia (PML) bodies. There are three confirmed **SUMO** isoforms in human; **SUMO1**, SUMO2 and SUMO3. SUMO2 /3 show a high degree of similarity to each other and are distinct from **SUMO1**. Individual **SUMO** family members are all targeted to different proteins with diverse biological functions. **SUMO-1** is conjugated to RanGAP, PML, p53 and I κ B- α to regulate nuclear trafficking, formation of subnuclear structures, regulation of transcriptional activity and protein stability. SUMO1 is encoded as a 101 aa protein and first Met and C-terminal 4 aa are removed from the preprotein.

Applications:

- 1. Western blotting (1/1,000)
- 2. Immunofluorescence staining (1/100 dilution)
- 3. Immunohistochemistry, Frozen section (1/100 dilution)
- 4. ELISA (assay dependent) Other applications have not been tested.

Immunogen: Recombinant GST-fused human SUMO1 (full length)

Isotype: Rat IgG 2a kappa

Product: The antibody was produced in serum-free medium and purified by proprietary chromatography procedures under mild conditions.

Form: 1mg/ml in PBS, 50% glycerol, filter-sterilized. Azide- and carrier protein-free.

Size: 100ug

Specificity: Specific to human, simian, mouse and rat SUMO1. Other species have not been tested.

Storage: Shipped at 4°C or -20°C. Upon arrival, spin-down and store at -20°C

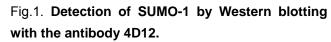
Data Link: Swiss-Prot P63165 (human)

References: This antibody was used in Ref. 3 and 4.

- 1. Ulrich HD "The fast-growing business of SUMO chains." Review Mol Cell 32: 301-305 (2008) PMID: 18995828
- 2. Cheng J *et al* "Role of desumoylation in the development of prostate cancer." Review *Neoplasia* **8**: 667-676 (2006) PMID: 16925949
- 3. Uchimura Y *et al* "Involvement of SUMO modification in MBD1- and MCAF1-mediated heterochromatin formation." *J Biol Chem* **281**: 23180-23190 (2006) PMID: <u>16757475</u>
- Saitoh N et al "In situ SUMOylation analysis reveals a modulatory role of RanBP2 in the nuclear rim and PML bodies." Exp Cell Res 312: 1418-1430 (2006) PMID: 16688858



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An 80 kDa single and other multiple bands were observed in HeLa total cell extract.

The 80 kDa band would be SUMO-RanGAP.
Anti-SUMO-1 antibody 4D12 was used at 1 µg/ml.

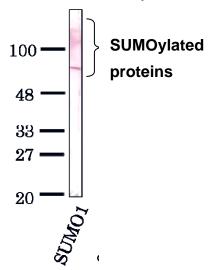


Fig.2. Immunofluorescence staining of SUMO-1 with the antibody 4D12 in the mouse primary culture neurons.

Left: Stained with anti-SUMO-1 antibody 4D12 at 10 μg/ml.

Light: DNA was stained with Hoechst

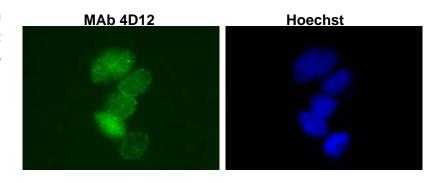


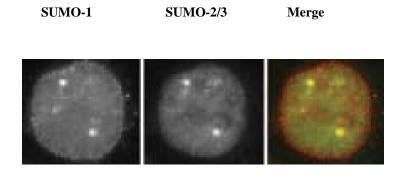
Fig.3. SUMO-1 colocalizes with SUMO2/3 as revealed by indirect immunofluorescence staing of C-33A cells (human cervix carcinoma).

Left: SUMO-1 was stained with anti-SUMO-1

antibody (4D12) at 10µg/ml

Middle: SUMO2/3 was stained with anti-SUMO-2/3 antibody (3H12)

Right: Merged image



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